



Business Directory.

J. F. BAUMANN,
ARCHITECT,
OFFICE:
Over E. T. National Bank,
Gay Street.

FIRE INSURANCE.
F. F. ATWELL, AGENT.
Home Insurance Co. N. Y. Assets \$2,754,214
Continental do do do 2,606,355
Franklin of Philadelphia do 2,308,856

FAMILY GROCERIES.
C. C. LOCKE, No. 23, east side Market Square
Commission Merchant and dealer in Family
Groceries. Country Produce bought and sold.

NOTARY PUBLIC.
CHAS. H. BROWN,
Office at the East Tennessee National Bank.

PROFESSIONAL.
WM. M. BAXTER, (successor to Baxter &
Son) Attorney at Law, office Exchange and
Deposit Bank buildings. Practices in the Courts
in Knoxville.

O. P. TEMPLE, Attorney at Law, at his Old
Office, East side of Gay Street, near the res-
idence of S. T. Atkin. Charges moderate.

"THE IMPERIAL"

Coal Cooking Stove

AND

"The New Capitola"

Wood Cooking Stove

HAVE EVERY

IMPROVEMENT OF

Utility, Value and Beauty.

THEY ARE NOT

Surpassed by any Stoves

sold in

East Tennessee.

Call and examine, or write for prices.

HAVEY, ROLEN & CO.,

Stoves and Tinware,

MARKET SQUARE,

Knoxville, Tenn.

INDICATIONS: For Tennessee and

the Ohio Valley, southerly winds

shifting to west and northwest, partly

cloudy weather, and during Sunday

rising barometer and lower tempera-

ture.

"TEXAS has a deficit of \$300,000 in

her current expenses for the year, and

the Governor recommends that it be

made good by the sale of the school

lands."—*Ex.*

It is needless for us to say that the

Democrats have control of that State.

The above fact clearly shows that.

The action of the Senate in regard

to Senator Edmunds' resolution de-

claring the Thirteenth, Fourteenth

and Fifteenth Amendments to be

valid is significant. It was carried, but

by a strict party vote, every Democrat

voting against it. This will be a good

thing to remember. If, at this late

day, they declare that these amend-

ments were unconstitutional, what

would they do when they have their

own President, as well as Congress?

THE *Tribune* thinks our answer

"soft." For about the first time in

his life the editor of that journal is

wholly right. Yes, it was "soft." It

was intended to be "soft." It had to

be "soft" in order that the *Tribune*

man could comprehend it. "Soft" to

the "soft," you know. About the

"softest" thing we know of is the

"soft" head of the "soft" editor of

the "soft" *Tribune*. We are unable

to express our pleasure that His "Soft-

ness" of that paper is not mad with

us. The idea that he might be angry

is perfectly maddening. We thank

our lucky stars that he is in a good

humor. What an escape we have had.

\$10,000

WORTH OF SPRING AND WINTER

Clothing, bound to be sold. A

complete line of Gents' Furnish-

ing Goods of all kinds. These

Goods must be sold. If not closed

out in the next 20 days, will offer

same at Auction. No humping.

Come and see our prices.

H. W. HALL, Assignee,

of R. VESTAL.

The dealers report the demand for

Valentines this year as exceeding that

of any former season. Ramage & Co.

alone have supplied fully half the de-

alers in the town adjacent to Knoxville

with fresh stock.

Splendid canned Apples, at 11 cents

per can, at John Hudiburg's.

QUERY: "Why will men smoke

common tobacco, when they can buy

Marburg Bros. 'Seal of North Caro-

lina,' at the same price?" Feb 9, 1879

MINOR DISPATCHES

CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 8.—Joseph

L. Heath, a prominent citizen of

Reed City, Michigan, and married,

eloped with a Miss Thayer. Her

father followed, overtaking them at

Kalamazoo. Heath drew a revolver

to shoot him, but, changing his

mind, he shot himself through the

head.

TELEGRAPHIC.

And Now we Have it from the Mouth
of Samuel J. Himself.

He was Entirely Ignorant of the
Corrupt Transactions at Gram-
ercy Park.

He is Pure and Innocent as a New-
Born Babe, to Hear Him Tell it.

The Naughty Nephew of His Uncle is
the Only Guilty Man.

XLV CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8, 1879.

Mr. Bruce, from the Committee
on Levees and Improvement of the
Mississippi River, reported, without
amendments, House bill to provide
for the organization of the Missis-
sippi River Improvement Commis-
sion, and for the correction and per-
manent location and deepening of
the channel and the improvement of
navigation of said Mississippi River,
and protection of its alluvial lands.
Placed on the calendar. Mr. Bruce
gave notice that he will call it up
at an early day and have some re-
marks to submit in its favor.

The credentials of James D.
Walker, from Arkansas, were pre-
sented, read and filed.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—The Potter
Committee met this morning. Gov-
ernor Tilden entered accompanied
by his brother Henry A. Tilden, of
Lebanon, Jno. Bigelow and Henry
G. Dimmock. The Governor was
at once sworn by Mr. Hunton,
the Chairman, who said: "Govern-
or Tilden, we received your note
expressing your willingness to testi-
fy." Mr. Tilden replied, "I have
read the publication and translations
in the New York papers. I did not
recognize a single one, either in
cipher or translation, which I had
ever seen before. I never entered
into any arrangements to purchase
the votes of South Carolina
or Florida. I had no in-
formation nor suspicion that any
such communications were being
carried on until I saw the dispatch
published in the New York *Tribune*.
I had no knowledge, nor any deal-
ings with any parties to these nego-
tiations, and I never authorized any
such negotiations in any form what-
ever. On the morning of Novem-
ber 20th, 1876, Mrs. Col. Pelton
mentioned in my presence that her
husband had gone for the day. I
did not know that he had
gone, or was going out
of the city. He went to
Philadelphia, I believe. Later in
the day, I was called on by
Mr. Cooper, who was on his way
down town, and was told by him
that he had received an offer from
some party, offering to obtain for
money, the vote of South Carolina.
I said I would authorize no such
transaction, nor send money for
any such purpose. The whole conver-
sation occupied only a few moments.
I obtained Col. Pelton's address
in Baltimore, and telegraphed him
to come. I knew nothing of the
ciphers that had been passing be-
tween him and others, and I could
not have translated them. With
regard to Florida, I never saw one
of the telegrams, either in cipher
or translations. I was not informed
that any negotiations were going
on in regard to illegally obtaining
certificates of the Returning Board.
Mr. Marble told me in a casual
kind of way about the corruption of
the Returning Board of Florida. I
never saw any one of those dis-
patches relating to Florida, either
in cipher or translation. In regard
to the Oregon dispatches, I did not
know they came in cipher until after
the meeting of the committee to
investigate them. Some of the dis-
patches were addressed to my resi-
dence, 15 Gramercy Park. I do not
know that any of those dis-
patches were ever delivered there.
Col. Pelton's habits of mind
and mine are very different. A
day or two after the election, Gen.
Grant wrote a letter recommend-
ing that committees be appointed
to go South to see a fair count. I had
nothing to do with the selection of
those committees. I never heard
from them but once, and that was a
communication signed by Mr.
Ottenbacher and others. I was very
busy all that time and did not un-
dertake to correct the idea that they
were my personal agents. That
idea has no foundation. They
represented the Democratic party.
None of them, so far as I know,
went to these States authorized to
do anything that gentlemen might

not do. From the 7th of Novem-
ber, 1876, to December 6th of the
same year, under no circumstances
did I enter into any competition for
the seeking of certificates by venal
inducements. There never was an
hour nor a minute that I enter-
tained such a thought.

To the people who I believed
elected me President of the United
States, to the four millions of citi-
zens who were defrauded, I owed it
as a duty to proclaim that I would
not yield one jot or tittle of my
right. Whatever evil may result
from this subversion of the Electoral
system and of free government, I
resolved that I would enter into no
action for the purchase of the Chief
Magistracy [Cheers, which the Chair-
man suppressed]. I was resolved
that I would continue to protest
against the wrong by which the
people of the United States were
defrauded out of their rights. [Mr.
Tilden's voice was husky and
it was difficult to hear him.]

When Pelton returned from
Baltimore, I said something to him
about his action and he made no
reply. I did not get from him any
information about ciphers or nego-
tiations, until I saw them published.
I did not believe that Pelton had
any power, because he had no au-
thorization. Edward Cooper came
to me and said he had received a
proposition to get votes in South
Carolina for money. The substance
of our conversation was that the
votes were for sale, I never heard
of any attempt to bribe until the
publication of the fact. I first
heard of the Florida bribery from
Mr. Marble. He simply mentioned
the circumstance after he had re-
turned from Florida. He gave me
no details and I made no inquiries.
I made no inquiries from my
nephew about these corrupt propo-
sitions to buy and sell.

Q.—Then you had no interest in it?

A.—Only an interest in stopping
it. Mr. Tilden admitted that he had
had confidential relations with Mr.
Marble; that the latter, before going
to Florida, called to bid him good-
bye. There was nothing in their
conversation at the meeting bearing
on this question. It was little more
than a formal leave-taking. He
reiterated in reply, to questions,
that in his interview with Mr.
Cooper no idea of accepting a propo-
sition to purchase votes was de-
bated between them or thought of
for a moment, and as for Col. Pel-
ton, he was the last man in the
world he (Tilden) would have
selected if he had intended to enter
into such a transaction as purchas-
ing the electoral votes. Being
asked why in his card to the public
he did not refer to the Baltimore
transaction, Mr. Tilden replied that
it was not pertinent.

Q.—Do you not see that your
statement that you had no knowl-
edge of the negotiations except
through the *Tribune*, is likely to
deceive, because you had heard of
the Baltimore negotiations?

This question seemed to stagger
Mr. Tilden somewhat, but he said
he did not know of the cipher tele-
grams which had passed on the
subject, nor of any negotiations,
but did know that there had been
an offer in South Carolina which
he had put an end to by his inter-
vention.

Q.—You made your statement con-
scious that you knew something which
the public did not, and which you did
not make in your published state-
ment?

A.—I made my statement in accord-
ance with truth, and I knew nothing
of the idea that you had no knowledge
of this offer?

Q.—I did not intend to convey any
idea on the subject. I had been in-
vestigated by a number of people, and
nothing and another, and I did not
think it was necessary to refer to the
fact of the Baltimore transaction.

In reply to the very able and close
examination, Mr. Tilden stated that
it was not pertinent to the subject
to refer, in his statement to the public,
to the corrupt offer he had heard of,
and denied that he drew up his state-
ment with the special design of keep-
ing this information from the public.
Sharp cross-questioning, in which
Mr. Tilden was occasionally request-
ed to be frank, failed to get him to admit
that he remembered any conversation
with Mr. Smith a week prior to the latter's
departure for North or South Carolina.
This finished Mr. Reed's cross exam-
ination of Mr. Tilden.

Mr. Hiseock now took him in hand.
In reply to a question if he was in-
formed of the nature of the dispatches
received by Mr. Smith from Florida,
he said: I did not occupy myself
much with the progress of the Flori-
da proceedings; never saw the dis-
patch advising the employment of
some man who could be "trusted for a
week." I heard I had one majority
in Florida, but did not see the dis-
patch referred to as conveying that
and other information. Did not see
the dispatch to Geo. W. Smith saying:
"See my dispatch to Spain." I
have no recollection of seeing, or
hearing read, any such dispatch. I
assume the Democratic National Com-
mittee were in communication
with gentlemen in Florida during the
campaign.

Q.—You have said that if you had
any idea of influencing these Boards
venally, the last person you would

have chosen would have been Col.
Pelton. Why did you not deem it
proper to call Mr. Cooper's or Mr.
Hewitt's attention to the matter, and
ask them to take charge of the matter,
lest Pelton might compromise with
the Democratic General Committee.

A.—In the first place, I supposed
they had full knowledge and would be
able to take care that nothing wrong
should be done. Civil law does not
recognize purposes until they are en-
dorsed in actions; Church punishes
purposes if criminal even if they are
not carried out. The atmosphere at
that time was full of rumors of fraud-
ulent Returning Boards. I declare
before God and my country that the
votes of Louisiana and Florida were
bought (meaning by the Republicans.)
I would scorn and condemn my
righteous title if the Democratic
party had secured my seat by fraud.

Mr. Hiseock said Mr. McLin testi-
fied that he was approached by Mr.
Manton Marble with an offer for the
purchase of votes. He deemed it his
duty to make this refutation in the
face of Gov. Tilden's aspersions on his
character.

Mr. Hiseock—Gov. Tilden, are you
entirely clear that Mr. McLin was in-
fluenced in his action by the hope of
office?

A.—I swear so, to the best of my
recollection. I believe I shall be just
to every one in this examination, and
shall protect myself fully without
going into matters connected with my
family relations.

Mr. Hiseock said that this investiga-
tion was for the benefit of the whole
people, and I believe it to be in the
conscious discharge of my duty to
fully investigate Col. Pelton's relations
to you.

Mr. Hiseock to Mr. Tilden—Had
you any information at that time that
the Returning Boards of South Caro-
lina or Florida were for sale? Give
the name of the gentleman who told
you.

A.—I can't give you the name of any
man. I state it on evidence that
would convict any one.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—W. J.
Smith, of Memphis, was nominated
for Surveyor of Customs.

THE PLAGUE.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—A committee
of the Cattle Trade Association at
Liverpool, in order to avoid an in-
terruption to trade, have offered to
erect the necessary lairage and
abattoirs to comply with the re-
quirements of the Privy Council.
It is believed, however, that, in con-
sequence of the growing importance
of trade to the port of Liverpool,
either the authorities of the corpora-
tion or the Dock Board will
undertake the work. All the arri-
vals of cattle from America since
the steamer Ontario's cargo have
been found entirely free from dis-
ease. The severity of the weather,
therefore, it is believed, caused the
outbreak in that instance. The
British government is, under the
circumstances, not inclined to in-
terfere with the importation of
cattle from America provided there
is adequate inspection before ship-
ment and provision of the re-
quired lairage at Liverpool to put
them in a position to meet such
cases as the Ontario's. It is not
believed that slaughter on the quays
will be enforced where no disease
exists. Gentlemen in the trade say
that under these conditions the
American shippers need not fear
any interference with business.

THE EAST.

BERLIN, Feb. 8.—Twenty-two
hundred Catholic ladies of the
Rhine provinces have petitioned
the Emperor against the suppression
of arsenical convents of Nonn-
worth and Thewarler.

It is believed that the session of
the Reichstag, which opens on
Wednesday next, will be very
stormy.

U. A. ROUZER,

GENERAL MILLWRIGHT

MILLS BUILT AND REPAIRED. ALL

kinds of Mill Machinery and Mill

accessories at reasonable rates.

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Mills, P. A. Calk, Knoxville, Leather Co.

John Dempster, Magnolia Mills, J. M. Rose, Trio

Mills, Knoxville.

THOMPSON, JONES & CO.

KNOXVILLE

Palace Stable

Sale of Horses and Vehicles on Han

ABUNDANT LUNCH ROOM

Horas and Taken Care

PRICES MODERATE.

Remember on Reservations

\$66 a week in your own town. Terms and

conditions free. Ad. Res. H. B. BERRY & Co.

Portland, Me.

JOB Work Done Neatly

AND PROMPTLY AT THE

CHRONICLE JOB OFFICE

H. W. CURTIS,

JEWELER.

Has received a full line of Goods, con-
sisting in part of

Watches, Sets, Rings, Pins,

Sleeve Buttons, Chains,

BRACELETS, GOLD AND SILVER

SPECTACLES.

SOLID SILVER SPOONS,

Forks, Etc.

A large line of

Silver-Plated Ware, &c.

Prices Low. Call and See.

Cor. Gay and Church Streets,

Knoxville, - Tennessee.

STAUB'S OPERA HOUSE!

Three nights only.

Monday Evening, February 10th.

The brilliant and handsome young comedi-
enne, Miss

Genevieve Rogers,

Assisted by the favorite American actor,

Mr. Frank E. Aiken.

Will appear in the success of the past two

seasons.

MAUD MULLER.

Tuesday Evening, February 11th.

The Ticket-of-Leave Man,

With Frank E. Aiken as Bob Brierly, as play-
ed by him over 1,000 times in the Western

Theatre, in conjunction with an excellent cast

of characters.

Wednesday Eve, Feb. 12th.

Debut of Miss Genevieve Rogers, on which

occasion she will appear in a new and original

American Comedy Drama, written expressly for

her by Chas. G. Miller, Esq., and entitled

Cousin Roxy.

The sale of seats will commence at 10 o'clock

Monday, February 10th, at Williams' Book store.

Admission 50 cents and \$1.00; Reserved seats,

25 cents extra.

BRANNER FEMALE INSTITUTE,

Mossy Creek, E. Tenn.,

Rev. Erastus Rowley, D. D.,

President.

The Spring Session of this Institution

will open

FEBRUARY 24, 1879.

Faculty complete. Institution thorough.

Terms in all departments and for board

moderate. For further information apply

to REV. E. ROWLEY, President.

Mossy Creek, E. Tenn., Jan. 15th, 1879.

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Any worker can make \$12 a day at